

Cordyline fruticosa

kor-di-LY-nee froo-tih-KOH-sah

Common Names: Ti Plant, Good-Luck Plant, Hawaiian Ti, Palm Lily

Family: Asparagaceae

Origin: Australia & Papua New Guinea

Growth: Upwards

Light: Bright, indirect

Foot Candles: 150 - 225

Water: Let dry partially

Humidity: 30%+

Temperature: 14°C - 28°C

Soil: Regular potting mix

Container: Self-watering planter, living wall

Nutrients: 10-10-10 Monthly

Propagation: Seed or cutting

Interiorscape Use: Easily adds colour to many spaces

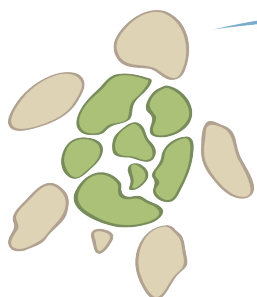


Common Pests: Mealybugs, Aphids, Spider Mites, Scale, Thrips.

Common Issues: Susceptible to fluoride in the water causing browning on leaf margins. Root rot when sitting in water.

Comments: Cordyline fruticosa is an important plant to the religions of indigenous animist Austronesians. Many in that area believe it to be sacred with mystical and spiritual powers. Red plants symbolize blood, war, and the ties between the living and dead, while green plants symbolize peace and healing. Hawaiian culture uses the plants in making their grass skirts.

Toxicity: Mildly toxic when ingested; symptoms include vomiting (occasionally with blood), depression, anorexia, hyper-salivation, and dilated pupils in cats.



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